

Multimode Fiber OM3

Specifications:

Fiber type 50/125 **OPK** code 0M3Rev. 007-21/41

Fiber type	50/125
OPK code	ОМ3

Optical Characteristics

Attenuation coefficient Loose tube Cables (Typical / Maximum)

at 850 nm	2.2 / 3.5 dB/km
at 1300 nm	0.5 / 1.5 dB/km

Attenuation coefficient Tight Buffered Cables (Typical / Maximum)

at 850 nm 2.5 / 3.5 dB/km at 1300 nm 0.6 / 1.5 dB/km

Point of discontinuity at 1300 nm ≤ 0.2 dB

1295 - 1340 nm Zero dispersion wavelength Zero dispersion slope $1295 \le 10 \le 1310 \text{ nm}$

 $\leq 0.105 \text{ ps/(nm2·km)}$

Zero dispersion slope $1310 \le 10 \le 1340 \text{ nm}$ $\leq 0.000375 \cdot (1590 - 10) \text{ ps/(nm2 \cdot km)}$

Numerical Aperture 0.200 ± 0.015

Effective group index of refraction at 850 nm 1.483 1.478 Effective group index of refraction at 1300 nm

Performance Characteristics

Bandwidth (Overfilled launch)

at 850 nm ≥ 1500 MHz·km at 1300 nm ≥ 500 MHz·km Effective Modal Bandwidth (EMB) at 850 nm ≥ 2000 MHz·km

Transmission Link Lengths for 10 Gb/s1

at 850 nm 300 m at 1300 nm 300 m

Geometrical Characteristics

Core diameter $50 \pm 2.5 \, \mu m$ Core non-circularity ≤ 5.0 % Core/Cladding concentricity error $\leq 1 \, \mu m$ Cladding diameter $125.0 \pm 1.0 \, \mu m$

Cladding non-circularity ≤ 1.0 %



Primary coating diameter (uncoloured fibre)	$242~\pm 7~\mu m$
Primary coating diameter (coloured fibre)	250 ±10 μm
Coating-Cladding concentricity	≤ 10 µm

Macrobending loss

100 turns, mandrel diameter 75 mm at 850 nm	$\leq 0.05 \text{ dB}$
100 turns, mandrel diameter 75 mm at 1300 nm	$\leq 0.15~\mathrm{dB}$
2 turns, mandrel diameter 30 mm at 850 nm	$\leq 0.1 \text{ dB}$
2 turns, mandrel diameter 30 mm at 1300 nm	$\leq 0.3 \text{ dB}$
2 turns, mandrel diameter 15 mm at 850 nm	$\leq 0.2 \text{ dB}$
2 turns, mandrel diameter 15 mm at 1300 nm	$\leq 0.5 \text{ dB}$

Mechanical Characteristics

Proof test level	≥ 0.69 Gpa (≥ 8.8 N)
Coating strip force	1.9 N
Dynamic fatigue resistance parameter	≥ 23

1 850 nm operating wavelength with transmitters meeting encircled flux of \leq 30% @ radius 4.5 μm and \geq 86 % @ radius 19.0 μm .

Typical attenuation is the value measured for at least 90% of the fibers in the cable.

OTDR measurement values can only be guaranteed for cable lengths of 1000 m and more.

Cable on the reel may show an discontinuity of the OTDR curve caused by winding of the cable on the reel.